





# The People's Press.

SALEM, N. C.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1883.

[Entered as second-class matter at the Post Office at Salem, N. C.]

THE PEOPLE'S PRESS FOR 1884.

ENLARGED AND IMPROVED.

\$1.50 A YEAR.

The Press entered its thirty-third (33rd) volume on January 1st, 1883.

Now is the time to subscribe. It will be our endeavor to make the Press more interesting and entertaining than ever.

L. V. & E. T. BLUM, Salem, N. C., Jan. 30, 1883.

**NOTICE.**  
We earnestly request all persons who are indebted to us by account to make settlement, as we need the money.

Our delinquent subscribers are too slow in paying up. A newspaper cannot be run without money.

The State Board of Agriculture met in Raleigh yesterday, (Wednesday).

**CONGRESS.**  
The 48th Congress met on Monday. The Senate is composed of 38 Republicans, 36 Democrats, and 2 Readjusters from Virginia, Mahone and Riddleberger. The House is composed of 325 members—Democrats 194, Republicans 118, Readjusters 4, Independents 4, Greenbackers 2, and 2 vacancies. The Democrats have a majority of 63 over all.

The Democratic members are divided as follows according to sections: Of the 194 Democratic members the Eastern States send but 6, the Middle States 37, the South Atlantic States, including Virginia and Maryland 31, the Gulf States 29, the Central, Western and Northwestern States 75, the Pacific States 7. This shows for the Gulf States and the Central, Western and Northwestern States an aggregate strength of 104 out of the 194, which, if we add the seven Democratic votes of the Pacific States, will make 111.

Gen. Clark was elected Clerk of the House by a vote of 96 to 93.

—Charlotte Observer.

**The Speakership.**  
WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—The House Democratic caucus met to-night in the hall of the House of Representatives to nominate candidates for officers of the House. Gen. Rosecrans called the caucus to order. Geddes of Ohio, was selected chairman of the caucus, Willis of Kentucky and Dibble of South Carolina, were chosen secretaries, and Caldwell of Tennessee, and Stockbridge of Indiana, as tellers. One hundred and eighty-four members answered the roll call. A motion offered by Dorsey, of New York, that the voting be viva voce was adopted by yeas 101, against nays 80. At the completion of the roll call for the first ballot, to one unanimous tally list 107 members had voted for Carlisle, 47 for Randall, and 36 for Cox. Carlisle's nomination was made unanimous and a committee appointed to escort him to the hall.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—The House Republican caucus met to-day at 2 p. m., Cannon, of Illinois in the chair. When the motion to nominate a candidate for Speaker was made, Phelps of New Jersey moved to lay that motion on the table. Phelps' motion received only one vote, viz. his own. Keifer and all the old officers were renominated excepting the postmaster. Deputy postmaster McNair was nominated to be postmaster.

**Europe.**  
All the European governments are having an anxious time of it, and affairs over the water threaten to grow worse instead of better. England seems to be in a very difficult position, owing to her close interests in the fortunes of the Khedive. France is brought face to face with a war with China; Russia and Germany are growing at each other, and Austria, Italy and Spain have each their own peculiar troubles, internal and foreign. Never before were there so many men under arms in Europe as now, and it needs but a spark to ignite the fires of war. Possibly, however, the new problems in Egypt and the East may avert collisions nearer home. If the False Prophet advances unchecked into the fertile valley of the Lower Nile, he may prove a foe far more dangerous than Arabi, requiring, perhaps, a concert of the powers to check his triumph. And if France is drawn into a real war with China, she will not be able to pay much attention for the time being, to the map of Europe.—*Goldboro Messenger.*

—How often do we hear of the sudden fatal termination of a case of croup, when a young life might have been saved by the prompt use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral! Be wise in time, and keep a bottle of it on hand, ready for instant use.

Washington, Dec. 1.—The public debt statement issued to-day shows the decrease of the public debt during the past month to be \$1,921,676.30; decrease of the debt since June 30th, 1883, \$41,306,146.63; cash in the treasury, \$346,766,513.84; gold certificates outstanding, \$85,822,950; silver certificates outstanding, \$101,782,811; certificates of deposit outstanding, \$14,465,000; refunding certificates outstanding, \$318,450; legal tenders outstanding, \$346,681,016; fractional currency outstanding, \$6,990,303.31.

PETERSON'S MAGAZINE for January reaches us in advance, and is altogether the most superb number we have ever seen, even of this favorite lady's book. There are two beautiful steel engravings: "In the Orchard," after a picture by Millais, and "Lost on the Alps," by the hardly less famous Riviere. In addition, there is a double-size fashion plate, engraved and printed from steel, and colored by hand; an exquisite affair. "Peterson" is how the only magazine that gives these fashion-plates. But the gem of the number is a colored pattern for a border for a curtain, chair-stripe, etc., etc., perhaps the costliest single embellishment ever given in a magazine, as the publisher says, it would alone cost fifty cents at retail. This is presented to every subscriber as a New Year's gift.

**Demorest's Monthly Magazine**  
For December is up to the usual high standard of this most excellent publication. Mrs. Champney's serial, "The Shores of Nothing," is commenced and promises to prove a very interesting story. "Agathe De Valsuz" is finished, and there are several entertaining short stories. "Christmas in Bethlehem," "An Ancient Legend of Provence," "Robin Hood and his Merry Men," "A Philosopher of the XVI. Century," "Turgenief," and "How we Live in New York," by Jennie June, are all articles pleasant to read and profitable to remember. In the way of household adornment and "kitchen art," ladies will find this number invaluable for the practical information that it imparts. The various departments are fully furnished with information on many subjects, and in "The World's Progress" current events are discussed in an able and instructive manner. The art department is remarkably good, the frontispiece being a richly colored oil picture called "The Tamborine Girl," which is one of the most attractive pictures that has appeared in this magazine. An engraving of Jaquet's celebrated painting, "The Minuet," also appears in this number.

—Mrs. Moon, who has been laboring some time among the friends and others in North Carolina, was holding a meeting some days since at Summerfield, in Guilford co., but, receiving intelligence of the severe and dangerous illness of her husband at his home in the West, she left her meeting suddenly and took the train last night for her home.

—Purge out the lurking distemper that undermines health, and the constitutional vigor will return. Those who suffer from an enfeebled and disordered state of the system, should take Ayer's Sarsaparilla to cleanse the blood, and restore vitality.

**GENERAL NEWS.**  
GATHERED FROM HOME AND ABROAD.

—The reports of Hicks Pasha's route are confirmed.

—Some of our steamers from New York sell round trip tickets to Liverpool for \$100, which is pretty cheap for the trip over and back.

—In London, December 1, Patrick O'Donnell's trial for the murder of James Curry resulted in a verdict of guilty of murder. The judge thereupon sentenced O'Donnell to death.

—The inventor of the little wooden plates, now so commonly in use, sold his patent for \$50,000 seven years ago, and the present owners are making a handsome fortune from it, more than 150,000 plates being sold every day.

—Ducks charge everybody with being a "quack," and there are but a few who are exempt from the gossamer of the quack. The quack is certainly an exception to the rule, as it is no doubt the greatest remedy offered to a suffering people.

—The yield of common potatoes in this country is enormous. We have no data at hand for this year's crop, but the ordinary production is sometimes largely in excess of one hundred and fifty million bushels. There are forty million bushels of sweet potatoes raised.

—Pool-selling received a black eye from Judge Geer, of the Criminal Court of Memphis, Tenn., Wednesday. He decided that the law under which pool-rooms are acting was unconstitutional, and that they are simply common gambling, subject to fine and imprisonment.

—Dr. Geo. W. Bagby died Thursday evening at his residence in Richmond at the age of fifty-five years. He was sometimes before the war the Washington correspondent for several of the leading papers in New Orleans, Charleston and other Southern cities. He was celebrated as a humorist and satirist.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 30.—About noon today, Mrs. Riall, a married woman living on Biddle Street, cut the throats of her two girl children, aged respectively four years and eight months, and then cut her own throat. Both of the children yet alive, and the mother, though dying, is not expected to recover. She says that she does not want to live. Domestic infidelity was the cause. The family occupies a good position. Mrs. Riall is about twenty-eight years old.

According to *The Virginian*, the excellent mining, industrial, and scientific journal published by Major Hotchkiss at Staunton, Virginia, there were in blast in the United States on January 1, 1883, furnaces to the number of 417. This figure declined by July 1 to 334, and by November 1 to 331. At the last mentioned date there were 335, or more than half of the whole number in the country, were out of blast. In Virginia and West Virginia, owing to the superb facilities of those States for the cheap manufacture of pig-iron, there was no reduction in the number of furnaces in blast between January 1 and November 1, 1883.

—The Ashboro Courier says: The LaFayette Mills, Company Shops, N. C., received on the 26th ult., orders for stockings amounting to 5,624 dozen pairs, or 134,976 stockings.

—The Rev. Colin Shaw, of Bladen County, has been cultivating the tea plant successfully for several years.

## A FEW HINTS FOR THE USE OF

**AYER'S PILLS**

Do not—To move the bowels gently, 2 to 4 Pills thoroughly, 4 to 6 Pills. Experience will decide the proper dose in each case.

For Constipation, or Constiveness, no remedy is so effective as AYER'S PILLS. They insure regular daily action, and restore the bowels to a healthy condition.

For Indigestion, or Dyspepsia, AYER'S PILLS are invaluable, and a sure cure. Heartburn, Loss of Appetite, Foul Stomach, Flatulency, Dizziness, Headache, Numbness, Nausea, are all relieved and cured by AYER'S PILLS.

In Liver Complaint, Bilious Disorders, and Jaundice, AYER'S PILLS should be given in doses large enough to excite the liver and bowels, and remove constipation. As a cleansing medicine in the Spring, these Pills are unequalled.

Worms, caused by a morbid condition of the bowels, are expelled by these PILLS. Eruptions, Skin Diseases, and Piles, the result of Indigestion or Constipation, are cured by the use of AYER'S PILLS.

For Colds, take AYER'S PILLS to open the pores, remove inflammatory secretions, and allay the fever.

For Rheumatism and Dysentery, caused by malarial colds, indigestible food, etc., AYER'S PILLS are eminently successful.

Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, and Sciatica, often result from digestive derangement, or colds, and disappear on removing the cause by the use of AYER'S PILLS.

Tumors, Dropsy, Kidney Complaints, and other disorders caused by debility or obstruction, are cured by AYER'S PILLS. Suppression, and Painful Menstruation, have a safe and ready remedy in

**AYER'S PILLS.**  
Full directions in various languages, accompany each package.

PREPARED BY  
**Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.**  
Sold by all Druggists.

—The weekly statement of the Associated Banks shows the following changes: Loans increase \$1,018,000; specie increase \$1,265,800; legal tenders decrease \$11,100; deposits increase \$1,358,500; circulation decrease \$4,400; reserve increase \$915,075. The banks now hold \$6,198,975 in excess of legal requirements.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—The President to-day ordered that First Lieutenant John M. Porter, third cavalry, be dropped from the army as a deserter. Lieutenant Porter while on duty as acting quartermaster at San Antonio, Texas, defaulted to the amount of about \$2,000, and fled into Mexico about three months ago, since which time nothing has been heard of him.

—That more than 10,000 Indian children are being taught in boarding and day schools will be to many persons a surprising fact, which the report of the commissioner of Indian affairs announces. The next generation will be sure to reap the full benefit of this instruction, but already the influence upon the older Indians is decided. These children are so many missionaries of civilization.—*Nears Observer.*

—For fiendish murder, embracing in its full scope men, women and babies, there seems to be a diabolical rivalry going on between the East and West. The South must hide its dimly remembered, but not forgotten, calculating barbarities are usually daylight work, besides which the stealthy and furtive atrocities which now fill the columns of the Northern press stand black and ghastly. What calamitous deluge of devilishness has broken out among us?—*Goldboro Messenger.*

PARIS, Nov. 27.—The cabinet council to-day decided to rescind the decree forbidding the importation of American pork into France, provided the municipal authorities or chambers of commerce in localities interested will agree to organize a system of pork inspection as has been advocated by merchants and authorities of Havre and Marseilles. It is now considered certain that the matter will shortly be settled upon this basis.

LATER.—The French cabinet has decided to admit the importation of American pork, provided it be properly inspected before shipped.

REV. DR. CURRY'S REPORT.—The annual report of Dr. J. L. M. Curry, as General Agent, to the Trustees of the Peabody Educational Fund, at their meeting held in New York the 3d of October, is on our table. We learn from it that during the past year \$71,175 have been expended through Dr. Curry in the support of education, as follows: Alabama, \$5,775; Arkansas, \$4,050; Florida, \$2,925; Georgia, \$5,900; Louisiana, \$2,125; Mississippi, \$4,400; North Carolina, \$8,350; South Carolina, \$4,225; Tennessee, \$12,600; Texas, \$13,000; Virginia, \$4,125; and West Virginia, \$2,100. In this sum \$4,650 was paid in aid of graded schools, \$1,400 to teachers' institutes, \$100 to the support of the Educational Journal, and \$2,200 for Nashville scholarships.—*Goldboro Messenger.*

—The Windsor Theatre, a hotel and other buildings at New York burned; loss \$300,000.—Harry Castle and his mother thrown from a vehicle and killed near Pittsburgh, Pa.—The lower part of the town of Ocala, Fla., burned; loss over \$200,000.—Fritz Rammell killed Emma La Verave and afterwards committed suicide at Lake, Ill.—A shoe factory burned at Groveland, Mass.; loss, \$40,000.—Woolen mills at Saxonyville, Mass., destroyed by fire; the loss will exceed \$150,000.—The Steamship Spotswood at Liverpool from Galveston, caught fire; 400 bales of cotton were damaged.—*Wm. Star, Dec. 1.*

—The Ashboro Courier says: The LaFayette Mills, Company Shops, N. C., received on the 26th ult., orders for stockings amounting to 5,624 dozen pairs, or 134,976 stockings.

—The Rev. Colin Shaw, of Bladen County, has been cultivating the tea plant successfully for several years.

## State Emigration Bureau in Boston.

Dr. Dabney returned from Boston last week. He is gratified with the results of the State exhibit at the American Exposition. Incalculable good, he thinks, has been done the State, and he confidently believes that the State is now on the eve of a substantial industrial reaction.

An Emigration Bureau has been established in Boston under the management of J. C. Campbell & Co. It is centrally located on Washington Street, opposite old South Church.

The exhibition room is 40x40, where is displayed specimens of everything belonging to the State exhibit. The room is handsomely fitted up and the managers are well known business men. All this is done without cost to the State. Campbell & Co. receive so much head money for every emigrant sent out from the railroads and the State. They have gone into the work with a zeal and determination and the State may expect to be benefited by their labors in directing emigration in this way. The greater part of the State exhibit remains in Boston, ready to be shipped to New Orleans, where it will be exhibited at the World's Cotton Exposition in 1884.

**Predicting Earthquakes.**  
M. J. Delany, on November 17th, 1879, predicted in the *Compter Rendus* the remarkable earthquakes which have taken place this year in Java, Sumatra and Iachia. He came within a few days of the event, and indicated the points on the earth's surface where the disturbances would take place. According to this authority the earthquakes this year will be followed by others even more remarkable, the maximum intensity of which will not be reached until 1886. But Mr. Delany has not yet indicated where these intense seismic commotions will occur. A record has been kept of earthquakes for the last two thousand years, during which period nearly seven thousand serious ones have taken place. M. Malot, a distinguished astronomer, shows from the records that these cataclysms increase in intensity toward the close of each century. It is less than seventeen years distant from now to the twentieth century, and hence we may look for other commotions of the earth's surface, which may lead to catastrophes as dreadful as that of the Lisbon calamity or the convulsions at Java and Sumatra this year. Asia Minor has just been visited by a dreadful earthquake very destructive to life and property. We may soon hear of volcanic actions and earthquakes upon the Pacific coast.—*Demorest's Monthly for December.*

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## DEBULL'S COUGH SYRUP

For the Cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Croup, Influenza, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Incipient Consumption and for the relief of consumptive persons in advanced stages of the Disease. For Sale by all Druggists.—Price, 25 Cents.

**NOTICE.**  
**LAND SALE.**

A TEN PER CENT. BID having been described lands, by virtue of an order of the Superior Court of Forsyth County, I will sell at PUBLIC AUCTION, to the highest bidder, on the premises, on

Saturday, the 30th Day of December, 1883, at 1 o'clock P. M.,

the said tract of land belonging to the estate of Henry Shaw, deceased, situated in said county, about four miles south of Winston on the Salisbury road. Said tract contains altogether

**146 ACRES.**  
more or less, with a good Dwelling, good Barn and Stables and Out-Houses and a first-rate Orchard.

TERMS.—One-half cash, balance on credit of 6 months with bond and approved security, and title retained till purchase money is paid.

W. B. STAFFORD, Adm'r of Henry Shaw's Estate.

**TAILORING!**  
HAYING permanently located in Winston, I would respectfully announce to the public that I have opened a

**TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT**  
in the BUXTON & LEMLY BLOCK, opposite Pease's Warehouse. I guarantee first-class work and superior fits. No one can fail to make enormous profit by engaging at once. Suits made and altered. New York and Louisville, Ky., samples of goods of the latest styles, and

**LATEST FASHIONS**  
always on hand. Cleaning and Cutting, strictly adapted to the Call and see for yourselves.

JOHN F. SCHAUB, Winston, Oct. 18, 1883.

A week made at home by the industrious. Best business now before the public. Capital not needed. We will start you. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere. Work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time, or give your whole time to the business. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous profit by engaging at once. Suits made and altered. New York and Louisville, Ky., samples of goods of the latest styles, and

**PLANTATION FOR SALE!**  
A tract of land containing about 112 acres, well watered, within three miles of Winston, with considerable wood land and meadow thereon, for sale. The improvements consist of a dwelling, barn and tobacco barn.

Apply to L. V. BLUM, Salem, N. C., or T. R. PURNELL, Raleigh.

**\$100.00 A WEEK!**  
We can guarantee the above amount to good, active, energetic

**AGENTS!**  
Ladies as well as gentlemen, make a success of this business. Very little capital required. We have a household article as saleable as flour.

**It Sells Itself!**  
It is used every day in every family. You do not need to explain its merits. There is a rich harvest for all who embrace this golden opportunity. It costs you only one cent to learn what our business is. Buy a sample card and send it to us and we will send you our prospectus and full particulars

**FREE!**  
And we know you will derive more good than you have any idea of. Our reputation as a manufacturing company is such that we can not afford to deceive. Write to us on a postal card and give your address plainly and receive free of charge

**BUCKEY'S CO.,** Marion, Ohio.

Sept. 20, 1883.—38-1.

**STANDARD**  
LAUNDRY WAX  
Preserves Linen, gives a beautiful finish, prevents the iron from sticking, saves labor.

5 Cents a Cake.  
Ask your Storekeeper for it.

Made by  
**Standard Oil Co.,**

CLEVELAND, OHIO.

August 9, 1883.—38-3.

**The People's Dictionary**  
and Every-day Encyclopedia, containing over 25,000 words, compiled from WEBSTER, 40,000 synonyms, a complete dictionary of rhymes, foreign words and phrases, business, nautical, medical and law terms and mythology. Embossed card, or leather cover, retaining all factory information is given.

A BOOK EQUAL TO 2,350 PAGES OCTAVO. \$1.50.

The same information could not be had elsewhere, nor in as convenient or accessible shape for less than \$20. Sample pages free. Outfit \$1.00. THAYER, MERRIM & CO., 808 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

**TUTT'S PILLS**  
FOR TORPID BOWELS, DISORDERED LIVER, AND MALARIA.

From the Liver, the source of the diseases of the human race, these symptoms indicate trouble. Sick Headache, Biliousness, Constipation, Indigestion, Nervousness, Irritability of temper, Loss of sleep, Irritability of the bowels, and every ailment of the system, are the result of a torpid liver. The only remedy is a purgative, and the only one that can be taken without danger is TUTT'S PILLS. These pills have no effect on the bowels, but they act directly on the liver, and by so doing they remove all the impurities from the system, and restore the liver to its normal condition. They are the only pills that can be taken without danger, and they are the only pills that can be taken without effect.

ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA.  
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## EDUCATION IN NORTH CAROLINA.

Extract from Dr. Curry's Report to the Trustees of the Peabody Fund.

Speaking of North Carolina the distinguished general agent says: "The educational revival mentioned in the last report spreads slowly over the State, and is to be discovered in particular localities rather than in general results. And has been given with benefit to several counties. The chairman of the board of trustees of the Goldboro school says: 'The school is doing a noble work. It speaks volumes that fully sixty per cent. of our school population patronize it. A large majority of the six hundred children enrolled and now being trained to become useful men and women are of that class who are unable to pay for an education. Many of these would never otherwise see the inside of a school house.' The graded school cares for all alike. It knows neither the rich nor the poor. To educate these six hundred children has cost during the year past about \$6,396, including repairs to building and expenses for all purposes. To educate only two hundred of these children in private schools was the case prior to the organization of the graded school, would cost the parents of the children fully \$7,000. The remaining four hundred children, now being cared for, would receive no education. Public opinion is so unanimous that at a recent election for increase of taxation for school purposes, out of three hundred and eighty votes cast, three hundred and seventy-eight were in favor of the increase.

A donation from the fund supplements an annual State appropriation for the maintenance of ten institutes. The Institute at Wilson, under Professor Tomlinson, enrolled about three hundred teachers representing thirty-five counties. 'Instructors, teachers, visitors, and all, seemed thoroughly alive to the work, and more genuine enthusiasm to do and to learn than that inspired in any of the other schools. The Chapel Hill, or University Institute, under Professor Moses, numbered about three hundred. 'We had an exceedingly pleasant and profitable session. The attendance was excellent, and the teachers were far superior to any similar body that I have seen to gether.'

"The State levies for the support of public schools an annual tax of twelve and a half cents on every one hundred dollars worth of property and credits, and a poll-tax of thirty-seven and a half cents. If these taxes are insufficient to maintain the schools four months, the county commissioners are required to levy a special tax to make up the deficiency. The last Legislature passed a law for local assessments in aid of public schools, authorizing in any school district an election for levying and collecting a tax not exceeding twenty-five cents on the hundred dollars valuation of property, and seventy-five cents on the poll, in aid of the public school in said district. The assessment thus levied and collected from the taxable property and polls of white persons shall be expended in aid of public schools for white children, and the assessment levied and collected from property and polls of colored persons shall be expended in aid of the public schools for colored children."—*Goldboro Messenger.*

**Sub-Marine Telegraphs.**  
The general public little realizes the steady extension of the submarine telegraph cables. There are now over 80,000 miles of them at work, representing a capital cost of about \$170,000,000. There are nine cables across the Atlantic, and a fleet of twenty-nine vessels are in constant employment in laying, watching and repairing cables. At present these cables are owned by private companies, but the time cannot be far distant when they will pass into the hands of an international commission representing the various nations of the earth. Private persons should not have the ownership of the medium by which the news and prices of all products are communicated to the public. A new cable is soon to be laid between Europe and America by James Gordon Bennett, proprietor of the N. Y. Herald, assisted by J. W. Mackay, the famous California millionaire.—*From Demorest's Monthly for December.*

**Our Celestial Visitant.**  
The comet of 1812 has returned so as to be again visible in our firmament. Astronomers are interested in this particular celestial visitant, because it is one of the few cases in which predictions regarding the return of comets have come true. It will not be as conspicuous an object in the heavens as it was in 1812, but it has somewhat troubled the stargazers by a sudden and very remarkable increase in its brightness since it has come within the field of vision. It must have struck an unseen comet or wandering aerolite with the result of increasing its brilliancy. The comet of 1882, it will be remembered, became apparently entangled in the photosphere of the sun, and split into fragments. Although an object of wonder in all ages, comets do not seem to count for much in the various solar systems to which they belong. They do not seem to have any function yet astronomers tell us that their numbers are simply incalculable. The heavens are so full of them relatively as the lakes and oceans of fish. The immensity of the universe is shown by the very few comets come into the range of our vision in view of the prodigious numbers of comets which are darting through the interstellar spaces.—*From Demorest's Monthly for December.*

—The Charlotte Observer says that at Mr. T. S. Cooper's gin-house in Mecklenburg County, Tuesday, a boy named Henry had a stick in his hands and was holding







